

**ATP5B Antibody (Center)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AW5235**

**Specification**

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**ATP5B Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC, IF,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P06576</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P10719</a> , <a href="#">P56480</a> , <a href="#">P00829</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Predicted	Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	H=57 KDa
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source	HUMAN

**ATP5B Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 506

**Antigen Region**  
135-163

**Other Names**  
ATP5B; ATPMB; ATPSB; ATP synthase subunit beta, mitochondrial

**Dilution**  
WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:50~100  
FC~~1:10~50  
IF~~1:25

**Target/Specificity**  
This ATP5B antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 135-163 amino acids from the Central region of human ATP5B.

**Format**  
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**  
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**  
ATP5B Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## ATP5B Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

**Name** ATP5F1B ([HGNC:830](#))

### Function

Catalytic subunit beta, of the mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase complex (F(1)F(0) ATP synthase or Complex V) that produces ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain (Probable) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37244256" target="\_blank">37244256</a>). ATP synthase complex consist of a soluble F(1) head domain - the catalytic core - and a membrane F(1) domain - the membrane proton channel (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37244256" target="\_blank">37244256</a>). These two domains are linked by a central stalk rotating inside the F(1) region and a stationary peripheral stalk (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37244256" target="\_blank">37244256</a>). During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F(1) is coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk subunits to proton translocation (Probable). In vivo, can only synthesize ATP although its ATP hydrolase activity can be activated artificially in vitro (By similarity). With the subunit alpha (ATP5F1A), forms the catalytic core in the F(1) domain (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37244256" target="\_blank">37244256</a>).

### Cellular Location

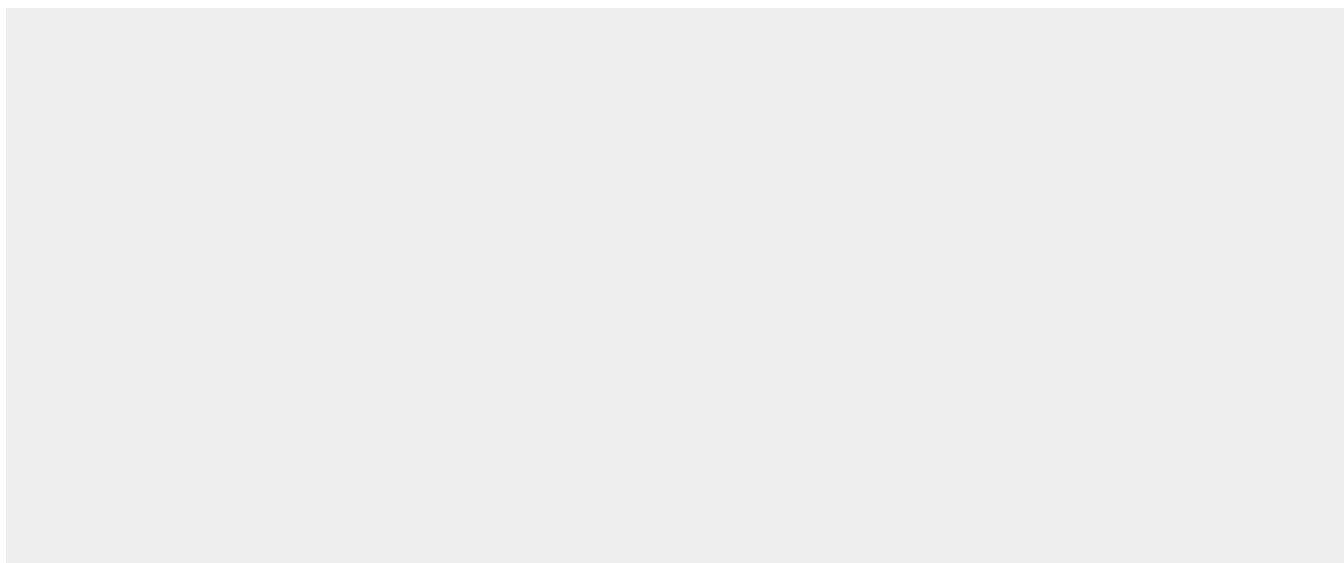
Mitochondrion inner membrane; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00829}; Matrix side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00829, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25168243}

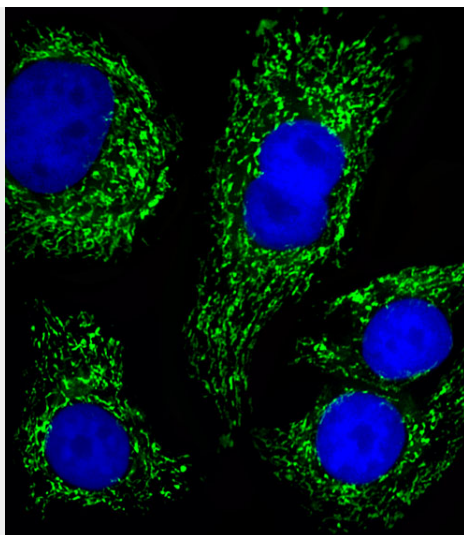
## ATP5B Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

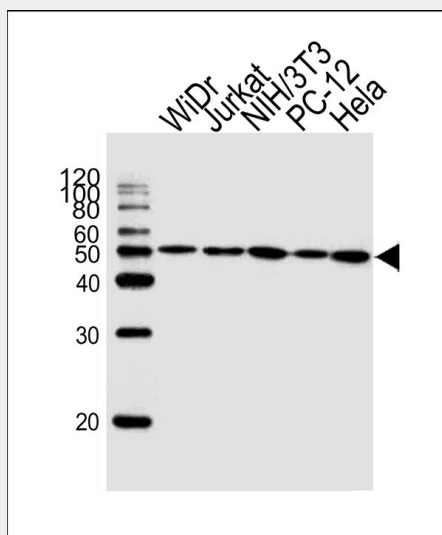
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## ATP5B Antibody (Center) - Images

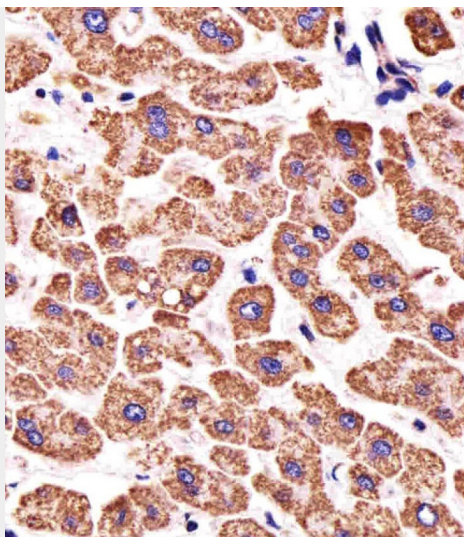




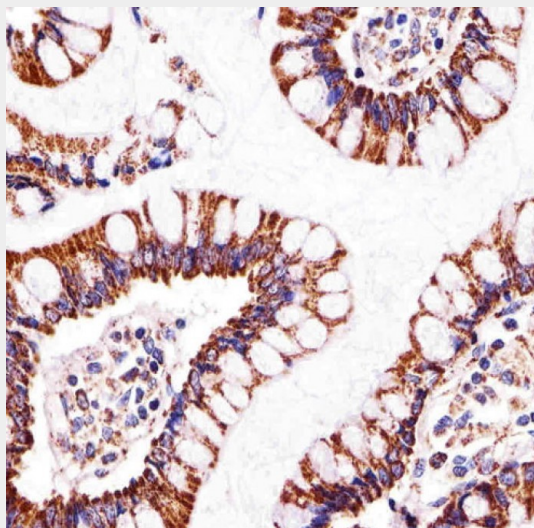
Fluorescent image of SK-BR-3 cells stained with ATP5B Antibody (Center)(Cat#AW5235). AW5235 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue) .



Western blot analysis of lysates from WiDr, Jurkat, mouse NIH/3T3, rat PC-12, HeLa cell line (from left to right), using ATP5B Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AW5235). AW5235 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. liver section using ATP5B Antibody (Center)(Cat#AW5235). AW5235 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.

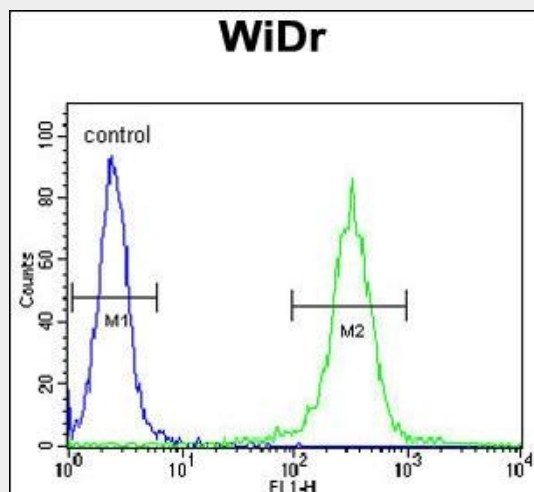


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. small intestine section using ATP5B Antibody (Center)(Cat#AW5235). AW5235 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human brain tissue reacted with ATP5B Antibody (Center),

which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



ATP5B Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AW5235) flow cytometric analysis of WiDr cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

#### **ATP5B Antibody (Center) - Background**

ATP5B is a subunit of mitochondrial ATP synthase. Mitochondrial ATP synthase catalyzes ATP synthesis, utilizing an electrochemical gradient of protons across the inner membrane during oxidative phosphorylation. ATP synthase is composed of two linked multi-subunit complexes: the soluble catalytic core, F<sub>1</sub>, and the membrane-spanning component, F<sub>o</sub>, comprising the proton channel. The catalytic portion of mitochondrial ATP synthase consists of 5 different subunits (alpha, beta, gamma, delta, and epsilon) assembled with a stoichiometry of 3 alpha, 3 beta, and a single representative of the other 3. The proton channel consists of three main subunits (a, b, c). It is the beta subunit of the catalytic core.

#### **ATP5B Antibody (Center) - References**

Neckelmann, N., et al., Genomics 5 (4), 829-843 (1989) Ohta, S., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 263 (23), 11257-11262 (1988) Wallace, D.C., et al., Curr. Genet. 12 (2), 81-90 (1987)